AMENDMENT TO CLAIMS:

1. (currently amended) A method for additive mask repair in the semiconductor industry with fine control over lateral dimensions and height comprising:

depositing material to a defective mask by direct write nanolithography from a tip for additive repair, wherein the tip is an atomic force microscope tip and wherein the material coats the tip.

- 2. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an optically transparent substrate containing thereon a mask layer which is an optically opaque pattern.
- 3. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask is a phase shifting photomask.
- 4. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask is an EUV lithography mask, an electron projection lithography mask, an x-ray lithography mask, or an ion projection lithography mask.
- 5. (withdrawn) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask is for nanoimprint lithography.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an opaque defect.
- 7. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises a clear defect.
- 8. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises a nanometer scale opening to which the material is added.

- 9. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an opening having a lateral dimension of less than about 100 nm to which the material is added.
- 10. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an opening having a lateral dimension of less than about 80 nm to which the material is added.
- 11. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an opening having a lateral dimension of less than about 56 nm to which the material is added.
- 12. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the defective mask comprises an opening having a lateral dimension of less than about 35 nm to which the material is added.
- 13. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the mask comprises a feature of about 100 nm or less in lateral dimension which is repaired.
- 14. (canceled) The method according to claim 1, wherein the tip is a scanning probe microscope tip.
 - 15. (canceled)
 - 16. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the tip is a hollow tip.
- 17. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is an optically transparent material.
- 18. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is an optically opaque material.

- 19. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is applied as multiple layers.
- 20. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is applied to a height of at least 30 nm.
- 21. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is applied to a height of at least 45 nm.
- 22. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is applied to a height of at least 100 nm.
- 23. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is applied to a height of at least 150 nm.
- 24. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is a sol-gel material.
- 25. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is a metal oxide or glass, or precursors thereof.
- 26. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is a metallic material or a metallic precursor.
- 27. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material is an opaque carbon material or a precursor therefor.
- 28. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material comprises nanoparticles.

- 29. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material comprises one or more high molecular weight compounds.
- 30. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the material has similar optical properties to the pattern to which it is added.
- 31. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the adding step is carried out without vacuum conditions.
- 32. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the adding step is repeated with the same material.
- 33. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein the adding step is repeated with different materials.
- 34. (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising one or more post-adding steps comprising external heating, light irradiation, sonic excitation, or chemical reaction by exposure to a vapor or liquid.
- 35. (original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the adding step is carried out as one of a series of adding steps carried out with a plurality of tips.
- 36. (original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising subtracting material from the defective mask.
- 37. (currently amended) The method according to claim [[1]] 36, wherein the subtracting of material is carried out with use of a tip.
- 38. (currently amended) The method according to claim [[1]] <u>36</u>, wherein the subtracting of material is carried out with use of a scanning probe microscope tip.

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- 39. (currently amended) The method according to claim [[1]] <u>36</u>, wherein the subtracting of material is carried out with use of an atomic force microscope tip.
- 40. (currently amended) A method for nanolithography comprising: (1) providing a mask, (2) providing a scanning probe microscope tip, wherein the tip is coated with a patterning compound for additive repair of the mask, (3) contacting the coated tip with the mask so that the compound is applied to the mask.
- 41. (original) The method according to claim 40, wherein the tip is an atomic force microscope tip.
 - 42. (original) The method according to claim 40, wherein the tip is a hollow tip.
- 43. (original) The method according to claim 40, wherein the patterning compound is a sol-gel material.
- 44. (original) The method according to claim 40, wherein the patterning compound comprises a metal.
- 45. (original) The method according to claim 40, wherein the contacting step is repeated to form a multilayer structure.
- 46. (original) The method according to claim 40, further comprising subtracting material from the mask.
- 47. (currently amended) A method for nanolithography comprising: (1) providing a substrate having at least one defect <u>for additive repair</u>, (2) providing an atomic force <u>microscope</u> tip with a patterning compound <u>for additive repair</u>, (3) using the tip with the substrate so that the compound is applied to the substrate at the defect to <u>additively</u> repair the defect.

- 48. (canceled)
- 49. (original) The method according to claim 47, wherein the tip is a hollow tip.
- 50. (original) The method according to claim 47, wherein the patterning compound is a sol-gel material or a metal.
 - 51-65. (canceled)
- 66. (currently amended) A method of nanolithography comprising using a tip <u>coated</u> with one or more patterning compounds to layer <u>the</u> one or more patterning compounds on a substrate so the one or more patterning compounds form a structure at least about 10 nm high.
- 67. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure is a mask enhancement structure.
- 68. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure is at least about 45 nm high.
- 69. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure is at least about 100 nm high.
- 70. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure is about 10 nm to about 250 nm high.
- 71. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure is a single layer.
- 72. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the structure comprises multiple layers.

- 73. (original) The method according to claim 66, wherein the compounds are sol-gel compounds or metallic compounds.
 - 74. (withdrawn) A repaired mask prepared by the method of claim 1.
 - 75. (withdrawn) A repaired mask prepared by the method of claim 40.
 - 76. (withdrawn) A repaired mask prepared by the method of claim 47.
 - 77. (withdrawn) A mask fabricated by the method of claim 51.
 - 78. (withdrawn) A mask fabricated by the method of claim 61.
 - 79-80. (canceled)
 - 81-82 (canceled)
 - 83. (withdrawn) A method comprising the steps of:

inspecting an object by making SPM measurement of the object with a first SPM probe;

repairing the object by adding material to the object's material with the first SPM probe or with a second SPM probe,

wherein the adding of material is carried out by direct write nanolithographic printing by transfer of the material from the probe tip to the object.

84. (withdrawn) A repaired mask comprising:

a defective mask substrate comprising at least one nanometer-scale opening which is a defect;

at least one additive repair nanostructure at least partially filling the opening.

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- 85. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanostructure substantially fills the opening.
- 86. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanometer scale opening has a lateral dimension of about 100 nm or less.
- 87. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanometer scale opening has a lateral dimension of about 80 nm or less.
- 88. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanometer scale opening has a lateral dimension of about 56 nm or less.
- 89. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanometer scale opening has a depth of about 500 nm or less.
- 90. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the nanometer scale opening has a depth of about 100 nm or less.
- 91. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the additive repair structure is a sol-gel structure.
- 92. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the additive repair structure is a metallic structure.
- 93. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the additive repair structure is a carbon structure.
- 94. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the additive repair structure is substantially the same material as the mask substrate.

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- 95. (withdrawn) The mask according to claim 84, wherein the additive repair structure is a different material from the mask substrate.
- 96. (withdrawn) A single layer nanostructure having a height of at least 100 nm and a lateral dimension of about 200 microns or less.
- 97. (withdrawn) A multiple layer nanostructure having a height of at least 100 nm and a lateral dimension of about 200 microns or less.
- 98. (new) The method according to claim 1, wherein the depositing step is carried out without application of voltage bias between the tip and defective mask.
- 99. (new) The method according to claim 40, wherein the contacting step is carried out without application of voltage bias between the tip and the mask.
- 100. (new) The method according to claim 47, wherein the compound is applied to the substrate without application of voltage bias between the tip and the substrate.
- 101. (new) The method according to claim 66, wherein the compounds are layered without application of voltage bias between the tip and the substrate.